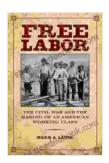
The Civil War and the Making of an American Working Class: A Long and Bloody Struggle

The Civil War was a watershed moment in the history of the United States, and it had a profound impact on the development of the American working class. Before the war, the vast majority of Americans worked in agriculture, but the war's demand for manufactured goods led to a rapid expansion of the industrial sector. This, in turn, led to the growth of cities and the emergence of a new class of urban workers.

The Civil War was also a time of great social and political upheaval. The war's end brought about the abolition of slavery, and the Reconstruction period that followed saw the passage of a number of laws designed to protect the rights of workers. However, the gains made by workers during this period were gradually eroded in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, as the United States entered a period of rapid industrialization.



Free Labor: The Civil War and the Making of an American Working Class (Working Class in American

History) by Mark A. Lause

★★★★★ 4.6 out of 5
Language : English
File size : 3918 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting: Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 296 pages



The Impact of the Civil War on the American Working Class

The Civil War had a number of significant impacts on the American working class. First, the war led to a rapid expansion of the industrial sector. Prior to the war, the vast majority of Americans worked in agriculture, but the war's demand for manufactured goods led to a dramatic increase in the number of factories and mills. This, in turn, led to the growth of cities and the emergence of a new class of urban workers.

Second, the Civil War helped to create a more unified working class. Before the war, there were significant divisions between white and black workers, as well as between skilled and unskilled workers. However, the war's shared experience of hardship and sacrifice helped to break down these divisions and create a more cohesive working class.

Third, the Civil War led to the passage of a number of laws designed to protect the rights of workers. These laws included the Homestead Act, which gave workers the opportunity to claim free land in the West, and the National Labor Relations Act, which protected the right of workers to organize unions.

The Post-War Era

The end of the Civil War brought about a period of rapid industrialization in the United States. This industrialization led to a number of changes in the American working class. First, the number of factory and mill workers increased dramatically. Second, the working class became more concentrated in cities. Third, the working class became more diverse, as immigrants from all over the world came to the United States in search of work.

The late 19th and early 20th centuries were a time of great social and political upheaval in the United States. The labor movement grew rapidly during this period, as workers fought for better wages, hours, and working conditions. However, the gains made by workers during this period were gradually eroded in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, as the United States entered a period of rapid industrialization.

The 20th Century

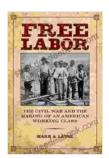
The 20th century was a time of great change for the American working class. The Great Depression of the 1930s led to a sharp decline in employment, and the New Deal programs that followed helped to create a more secure social safety net for workers. The Second World War led to a boom in manufacturing, and the post-war years saw a period of sustained economic growth. However, the late 20th century saw a decline in manufacturing jobs, as companies moved their operations overseas.

The 21st Century

The 21st century has brought new challenges for the American working class. The global economy has led to increased competition for jobs, and the rise of technology has led to the automation of many jobs. In addition, the United States has experienced a decline in union membership, which has made it more difficult for workers to bargain for better wages and working conditions.

The American working class has a long and bloody history. The Civil War was a watershed moment in the development of the working class, and the post-war era saw a period of rapid industrialization and urbanization. The 20th century was a time of great change for the working class, as workers fought for better wages, hours, and working conditions. However, the late

20th and early 21st centuries have seen a decline in manufacturing jobs and a rise in inequality. The future of the American working class is uncertain, but it is clear that the working class will continue to play a vital role in the American economy and society.



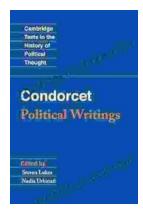
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